

# International Well Control Forum



## IWCF Well Intervention Pressure Control Syllabus Level 2

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Version 8.0



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## Guidance Notes

IWCF have created this revised syllabus using guidance from a variety of sources, including our stakeholders, candidates, and Well Intervention Pressure Control Taskforce. Together with the enhancements listed below, this revised syllabus aims to meet the principles outlined in IOGP Report 476 *Recommendations for enhancements to well control training, examination and certification* (August 2016) as a minimum.

The main enhancements contained within this revision provide:

- An improved structure that avoids duplication of topics in different syllabus components.
- In-depth learning outcomes to cover previously identified gaps in candidate knowledge.
- Defined progression between the levels, which ensures learning outcomes are now role-specific.
- An increased emphasis on well integrity assurance during the well life cycle with reference to ISO 16530-1:2017 *Petroleum and natural gas industries – Well integrity – Part 1: Life cycle governance*.
- An improved focus on the common principles of Pressure Control Equipment (PCE), which is now consolidated within the Completion Operations component.

## Who takes the Level 2 Well Intervention Pressure Control course?

We recommend Assistant Operators (Wireline, Coiled Tubing, and Snubbing) should attend this course. IOGP Report 476 Well Control Training – Levels Guidance Chart has more specific job categories.

## How long is the course?

The Level 2 Well Intervention Pressure Control training course must be a minimum of 20 hours.

How many candidates can a Centre have on a training course?

A course can have a maximum of fifteen candidates (depending on room size/ facilities).

When can a candidate move from level 2 to level 3?

IWCF recommends a minimum three-month period to build further industry experience and competence before the candidate moves onto the next level.



## The Syllabus

### Testing Understanding

IWCF expects candidates' knowledge and understanding of basic well intervention pressure control to develop so that they can competently perform their assigned well control duties. It is insufficient for any candidate on any level of the course to be coached to pass the assessment.

"The quality of teaching must evolve to ensure learning objectives are met. Training must be taught in line with the stipulated syllabus and it will not be sufficient to base training on "test-similar" or "test-identical" exam questions to help personnel pass the written exam". (IOGP Report 476).

### Learning Objectives

The learning objectives in the syllabus are based on the content (subject matter) the instructor must teach to meet the requirements of this level. The use of the wording "learning objective" is in line with the IOGP Report 476. It is a broad overview statement of what the student will be taught during the course.

Example: During the course students will gain an understanding of: Standard well intervention pressure control methods.

### Learning Outcomes

Learning outcomes have been developed for each of the learning objectives contained in the syllabus. The outcome indicates how each learning objective will be fulfilled with a detailed description of the skills a student must have at the end of the course. These learning outcomes are the basis for assessment questions.

Example: By the end of the course students will be able to...define and list well intervention pressure control methods.

### Syllabus Division

The written test syllabus is divided into two sections:

Compulsory Modules:

*Completion Operations*  
*Completion Equipment.*

Optional Modules:

*Wireline Operations.*  
*Coiled Tubing Operations*



### Snubbing Operations

Please note: at least one optional module must be taken from the optional modules.

### Coding

#### Completion Operations

Overview	WI-SF-COM-01
Well integrity Assurance	WI-SF-COM-02
Introduction to well control	WI-SF-COM-03
Barriers	WI-SF-COM-04
Barrier verification testing	WI-SF-COM-05
Influx characteristics and behaviour	WI-SF-COM-06
Shut in procedure	WI-SF-COM-07
Well kill methods	WI-SF-COM-08

#### Completion Equipment

Completion Equipment	WI-SF-EQP-01
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#### Wireline Operations

Wireline Application and Equipment	WI-SF-WLO-01
Pressure Control	WI-SF-WLO-02
Pressure Control (Barrier Elements and Envelopes) Principles	WI-SF-WLO-03
Well Intervention Operations	WI-SF-WLO-04

#### Coiled Tubing Operations

Coiled Tubing Application and Equipment	WI-SF-CTO-01
Pressure Control	WI-SF-CTO-02
Pressure Control (Barrier Elements and Envelopes) Principles	WI-SF-CTO-03
Well Intervention Operations	WI-SF-CTO-04

#### Snubbing Operations

Snubbing Application and Equipment	WI-SF-SNO-01
Pressure Control	WI-SF-SNO-02
Pressure Control (Barrier Elements and Envelopes) Principles	WI-SF-SNO-03
Well Intervention Operations	WI-SF-SNO-04

### Levels

All learning outcomes have been given an 'importance' and a reference letter from A to C. This is shown in the right-hand column on the syllabus. The importance is based on their level of 'criticality' in the syllabus.

Old importance level	New importance level	Explanation
5 and 10	A	Critical knowledge required to prevent major/catastrophic damage to life, limb, and environment or industry.
3-4	B	Necessary knowledge to prevent moderate/serious risk to life, limb, or environment.
1-2	C	Foundation-level knowledge to prevent minor risk to life, limb, or environment.





**Assessment method**

Level 2 Well Intervention Pressure Control candidates must complete must complete 1 assessment for Completion Operations, 1 assessment for Completion Equipment and separate assessment papers for all optional modules taken.

New syllabus category	Old syllabus category	Learning objective. During this course the student will gain an understanding of:	Learning outcome. By the end of this course the student will be able to:	Importance
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## COMPLETION OPERATIONS

### OVERVIEW

#### Well Intervention Pressure Control Incidents

WI-SF-COM-01.01.01	WA01.01	The impact of a well intervention pressure control incident.	Describe the potential impact of a well intervention pressure control incident on: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Personnel</li> <li>- Employment</li> <li>- Environment.</li> </ul>	A
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## WELL INTEGRITY ASSURANCE

### Principles

WI-SF-COM-02.01.01	WA01.02	Well integrity requirements throughout the well life cycle from construction to abandonment (Reference: ISO 16530-1:2017).	Define the term "well integrity management" and explain why it is important throughout the well life cycle.  Identify the different phases of the well life cycle.	B
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New syllabus category	Old syllabus category	Learning objective. During this course the student will gain an understanding of:	Learning outcome. By the end of this course the student will be able to:	Importance
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Annulus Pressure Monitoring in Well Intervention				
WI-SF-COM-02.02.01	WEQJ01.01	Monitoring annulus pressures.	Describe how to monitor annulus pressures.	C
WI-SF-COM-02.02.03	NEW	Maximum Allowable Annulus Surface Pressure (MAASP) in well intervention operations.	Define MAASP.	C

New syllabus category	Old syllabus category	Learning objective. During this course the student will gain an understanding of:	Learning outcome. By the end of this course the student will be able to:	Importance
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Risk Management				
WI-SF-COM-02.03.01	WD01.01	Risk management principles and practices.	Describe the principles and practices of risk management including: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Hazard identification and mitigation</li> <li>- Crew meetings and handovers</li> <li>- Instructions and checklists</li> <li>- Toolbox talks.</li> </ul>	B
WI-SF-COM-02.03.02	WA03.02	Well (pressure) control responsibilities of personnel involved in the task.	Explain why pre-job site planning, preparation and the 'Stop Work' authority are important.	A

Management of Change				
WI-SF-COM-02.04.01	WD01.02	The Management of Change (MOC) process.	Explain why it is important to recognise and manage change.  Explain why and when an MOC process is required.	B

New syllabus category	Old syllabus category	Learning objective. During this course the student will gain an understanding of:	Learning outcome. By the end of this course the student will be able to:	Importance
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Well (Pressure) Control Drills				
WI-SF-COM-02.05.01	WD01.02	Well (pressure) control drills during completion and intervention operations.	Describe why well (pressure) control drills are important.	B

Well Intervention Pressure Control Training and Assessment				
WI-SF-COM-02.06.01	WA02.01	Well intervention pressure control training and assessment.	Explain "why are we here?" including: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Capability to apply well intervention pressure control skills</li> <li>- Responsibility to colleagues</li> <li>- Reduce the severity of a well intervention pressure control incident</li> <li>- Prevent a well intervention pressure control incident.</li> </ul>	B

New syllabus category	Old syllabus category	Learning objective. During this course the student will gain an understanding of:	Learning outcome. By the end of this course the student will be able to:	Importance
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Well Handover				
WI-SF-COM-02.07.01	WA04.01/ WWD01.03	The reasons for confirming well integrity status before handover/takeover of the well.	Explain why upstream and downstream pressure isolation is important before handover/takeover of the well.	A

INTRODUCTION TO WELL CONTROL				
Hydrostatic Pressure				
WI-SF-COM-03.01.01	WB01.01	Factors that affect hydrostatic pressure.	Define hydrostatic pressure.  List the factors that affect hydrostatic pressure: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- True vertical depth</li> <li>- Fluid density.</li> </ul>	C

New syllabus category	Old syllabus category	Learning objective. During this course the student will gain an understanding of:	Learning outcome. By the end of this course the student will be able to:	Importance
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WI-SF-COM-03.01.02	NEW	Hydrostatic pressure calculations.	From a given depth, calculate hydrostatic pressure, with no well pressure at surface.	B
WI-SF-COM-03.01.03	WB01.03	The difference between tubing and annulus pressures.	Explain why it is important to know the differential pressure between the tubing and annulus.	C

Formation Pressure				
WI-SF-COM-03.02.01	WB02.01	Formation pore pressure.	Define formation pore pressure.	C

New syllabus category	Old syllabus category	Learning objective. During this course the student will gain an understanding of:	Learning outcome. By the end of this course the student will be able to:	Importance
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Fracture Pressure				
WI-SF-COM-03.03.01	WB03.01	Fracture pressure.	Define fracture pressure.	C

Formation Injectivity Pressure (Leak-off pressure)				
WI-SF-COM-03.04.01	NEW	Formation injectivity pressure (leak-off pressure).	Define formation injectivity pressure (leak-off pressure).	C



New syllabus category	Old syllabus category	Learning objective. During this course the student will gain an understanding of:	Learning outcome. By the end of this course the student will be able to:	Importance
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Primary Well (Pressure) Control				
WI-SF-COM-03.05.01	WB04.01	Primary well (pressure) control and the difference between drilling and well intervention operations.	<p>Explain the main principles of primary well control in drilling operations where pressure management contains fluids within the reservoir.</p> <p>Explain the main principles of primary well (pressure) control in well intervention operations where pressure control equipment prevents the release of fluids at surface.</p>	B
WI-SF-COM-03.05.02	WI01.01	The different types of surface leaks due to loss of primary well (pressure) control.	<p>Identify the different types of surface leaks due to loss of primary well (pressure) control including:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Gas (hydrocarbon, H<sub>2</sub>S, CO<sub>2</sub>)</li> <li>- Stimulation/pumping fluids (including acids and alkalis)</li> <li>- Oil</li> <li>- Water.</li> </ul> <p>Identify the associated hazards when exposed to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Temperature</li> <li>- Pressure</li> <li>- Fire</li> <li>- Explosion</li> <li>- Toxic vapours.</li> </ul>	B

New syllabus category	Old syllabus category	Learning objective. During this course the student will gain an understanding of:	Learning outcome. By the end of this course the student will be able to:	Importance
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Secondary Well (Pressure) Control				
WI-SF-COM-03.06.01	WB05.01	Secondary well (pressure) control.	Define secondary well (pressure) control.	A

BARRIERS				
Barrier Philosophy				
WI-SF-COM-04.01.01	WC01.01	Well barrier philosophy in well intervention and completion operations.	Describe best practice of having two independently tested and verified barriers in place between the source of pressure in the well and atmosphere before breaking containment.	B

New syllabus category	Old syllabus category	Learning objective. During this course the student will gain an understanding of:	Learning outcome. By the end of this course the student will be able to:	Importance
WI-SF-COM-04.01.02	WC02.01	Well barrier elements and well barrier envelopes in well intervention and completion operations.	<p>Define well barrier elements and well barrier envelopes.</p> <p>Describe how well barrier elements combine to form well barrier envelopes during well intervention and completion operations.</p>	A
WI-SF-COM-04.01.03	WC02.07	Different well barrier element types.	<p>Describe the principles of different well barrier element types and explain the differences between:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Mechanical barriers</li> <li>- Hydrostatic (fluid) barriers.</li> </ul>	A
WI-SF-COM-04.01.04	NEW	Barrier terminology – primary and secondary barrier elements.	Describe the terms primary and secondary barrier elements during well intervention and completion operations.	A

New syllabus category	Old syllabus category	Learning objective. During this course the student will gain an understanding of:	Learning outcome. By the end of this course the student will be able to:	Importance
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WI-SF-COM-04.01.05	WC02.08	Grouping well barrier elements into primary and secondary barrier envelopes.	Describe the principle of grouping well barrier elements into primary and secondary barrier envelopes.	A
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Barrier Management				
WI-SF-COM-04.02.01	WB06.01	Blow Out Preventers (BOPs) and other Pressure Control Equipment (PCE).	Describe the uses of the BOP and other PCE as barrier elements.	B
WI-SF-COM-04.02.02	NEW	Shearing devices.	<p>Explain the function of a shearing device.</p> <p>From a given well diagram, identify the shearing devices including:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Single shear ram device</li> <li>- Shear/seal ram/valve device.</li> </ul>	B

New syllabus category	Old syllabus category	Learning objective. During this course the student will gain an understanding of:	Learning outcome. By the end of this course the student will be able to:	Importance
WI-SF-COM-04.02.03	WEQG03.03	Non-shearable (and non-sealable) equipment across the BOP.	Explain the limitations of shearing devices when running non-shearable (and non-sealable) equipment across the BOP.	A
WI-SF-COM-04.02.04	NEW	Maintaining BOP and associated equipment integrity during operations.	Outline the factors that can affect BOP integrity during operations: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Hydraulic pressure</li> <li>- Fluid composition</li> <li>- Maintenance.</li> </ul>	A
WI-SF-COM-04.02.05	WEQQA05.01	Correct connection make-up of various joint types.	From a given diagram or description, identify different types of connections including: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Gaskets</li> <li>- Ring joints</li> <li>- Hammer unions</li> <li>- Swivel connections</li> <li>- Quick unions.</li> </ul> Explain why flange make-up, including compatibility, is important.	C

New syllabus category	Old syllabus category	Learning objective. During this course the student will gain an understanding of:	Learning outcome. By the end of this course the student will be able to:	Importance
WI-SF-COM-04.02.06	NEW	Correct elastomers for the well conditions.	Explain why it is important to use the correct elastomers.	C
WI-SF-COM-04.02.07	NEW	BOP control system.	Explain the function of a BOP control system including: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Hydraulic control panel</li> <li>- Accumulator bottles.</li> </ul>	B

New syllabus category	Old syllabus category	Learning objective. During this course the student will gain an understanding of:	Learning outcome. By the end of this course the student will be able to:	Importance
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**BARRIER VERIFICATION TESTING**

Verification				
WI-SF-COM-05.01.01	WC02.04	Verifying well barrier elements are in place and working.	Explain why well barrier elements must be verified once they are in place.	B
WI-SF-COM-05.01.04	WC02.06	What to do when a well barrier element test fails.	Explain why it is important to take the correct action when a well barrier element test fails.	A
WI-SF-COM-05.01.06	WEOG03.01/WWWD01.01/WCDO1.01/WSD01.01/WASA04.05/WWA07.05	How to check Pressure Control Equipment (PCE).	Describe why it is important to check that PCE is fit for purpose, and to report any damage.	B

New syllabus category	Old syllabus category	Learning objective. During this course the student will gain an understanding of:	Learning outcome. By the end of this course the student will be able to:	Importance
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WI-SF-COM-05.01.07	WEQG03.02	The correct make-up of PCE hydraulic hoses and fittings, and how to check them.	<p>Describe the correct way to make-up different types of PCE hydraulic hoses and fittings.</p> <p>Explain how to check them for damage or wear.</p>	B
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Inflow Testing				
WI-SF-COM-05.02.01	WP01.01/ WWA02.04/ WWA02.04	Inflow testing a well barrier.	Explain what an inflow test is and why it is important to inflow test a well barrier.	A



New syllabus category	Old syllabus category	Learning objective. During this course the student will gain an understanding of:	Learning outcome. By the end of this course the student will be able to:	Importance
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Equipment Integrity Testing				
WI-SF-COM-05.03.01	WH01.01	Equipment integrity testing.	Explain why equipment integrity testing is important.	A
WI-SF-COM-05.03.02	WWA02.02/WCE01.01/WCE01.02/WSE01/01/WSE01.02	Intervention (wireline, coiled tubing and snubbing) BOP pressure tests and function tests.	Explain how intervention BOPs are pressure tested and function tested.	B

New syllabus category	Old syllabus category	Learning objective. During this course the student will gain an understanding of:	Learning outcome. By the end of this course the student will be able to:	Importance
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## INFLUX CHARACTERISTICS AND BEHAVIOUR

Principles				
WI-SF-COM-06.01.01	WI01.01	The different types of influx.	Identify the different types of influx including: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Gas (hydrocarbon, H<sub>2</sub>S, CO<sub>2</sub>)</li> <li>- Oil</li> <li>- Water.</li> </ul>	B

## SHUT-IN PROCEDURES

Principles				
WI-SF-COM-07.01.01	WJ01.01	Why it is important to have a shut-in procedure.	Explain why having a shut-in procedure is important.  Explain your role and the role of the equipment operator.	B

New syllabus category	Old syllabus category	Learning objective. During this course the student will gain an understanding of:	Learning outcome. By the end of this course the student will be able to:	Importance
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Procedures				
WI-SF-COM-07.02.01	WJ02.01	How to shut in the well.	<p>Describe the steps to shut in the well if there is a primary barrier failure.</p> <p>Explain why it is important to know the correct valve sequence, and the number of turns to close:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- With tools in the well</li> <li>- Without tools in the well.</li> </ul>	B
WI-SF-COM-07.02.04	WJ02.05	Opening valves under differential pressure.	<p>List the consequences of opening valves under differential pressure:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Valve damage</li> <li>- Hydrate formation</li> <li>- Uncontrolled flow.</li> </ul>	C
WI-SF-COM-07.02.05	WWE01.01	Removing (bleeding-down) hydrocarbons safely from Pressure Control Equipment (PCE).	Describe the dangers of removing (bleeding-down) hydrocarbons into the atmosphere from PCE.	C

New syllabus category	Old syllabus category	Learning objective. During this course the student will gain an understanding of:	Learning outcome. By the end of this course the student will be able to:	Importance
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Interpretation				
WI-SF-COM-07.03.01	WJ04.01	Shut-in well pressure.	Explain why it is important to record pressure after the well has been shut in.	B
WI-SF-COM-07.03.03	WJ05.01	The limits of pressure gauges, and how to correctly interpret gauge readings.	Explain why it is important that gauges have the correct range, temperature rating, and are calibrated correctly.	B
WI-SF-COM-07.03.04	WN02.01	Problems with pressure gauge readings.	Describe different types of pressure gauge problems including: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Physical damage</li> <li>- Vibration damage</li> <li>- Loss of fluids within the gauge</li> <li>- Blockage.</li> </ul>	B

New syllabus category	Old syllabus category	Learning objective. During this course the student will gain an understanding of:	Learning outcome. By the end of this course the student will be able to:	Importance
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WELL KILL METHODS				
Principles				
WI-SF-COM-08.01.01	WK02.01/WK02.02/WK02.03/ WN01.01	The different well kill methods.	Define the following three well kill methods: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Bullheading</li> <li>- Reverse circulation</li> <li>- Lubricate and bleed.</li> </ul>	A
WI-SF-COM-08.01.03	WG01.01	A kill system.	From a given description or diagram, identify the main items of a kill system including: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Pump unit</li> <li>- Storage tank</li> <li>- Mixing tank</li> <li>- Choke unit</li> <li>- Fluid disposal</li> <li>- Gas handling</li> <li>- Bleed off system</li> <li>- Pipework.</li> </ul>	B
WI-SF-COM-08.01.04	WCD01.06	Use of chokes to control flow.	From a given diagram or description, explain the function of adjustable and fixed chokes and explain what they are used for.	B

New syllabus category	Old syllabus category	Learning objective. During this course the student will gain an understanding of:	Learning outcome. By the end of this course the student will be able to:	Importance
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Surface Failures				
WI-SF-COM-08.07.01	WN04.01/WI01.05	The source of surface failures and how to prevent them.	From a given diagram or description identify the possible source and cause of fluid or gas leaks, including: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Leaking flange/fitting connections</li> <li>- Leaking o-ring connections</li> <li>- Leaking weep holes</li> <li>- Damaged seals</li> <li>- Damaged hydraulic control line/hoses.</li> </ul>	B

Hydrates				
WI-SF-COM-08.08.01	NEW	Hydrates, how they form and how to prevent and remove them.	Describe how hydrates form: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Availability of free water</li> <li>- Combine with natural gas</li> <li>- High pressure</li> <li>- Low temperature.</li> </ul> Explain where hydrates can form and how to prevent and remove them: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Avoid pressure drop across blockage or partly closed valves</li> <li>- Use chemical inhibitors to prevent and remove them.</li> </ul>	B

New syllabus category	Old syllabus category	Learning objective. During this course the student will gain an understanding of:	Learning outcome. By the end of this course the student will be able to:	Importance
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## COMPLETION EQUIPMENT

### Introduction to Well Completion

WI-SF-EQP-01.01.01	NEW	The purpose of a well completion.	Identify the main reasons for installing a completion in the well: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- To transport hydrocarbons from reservoir to surface</li> <li>- To transport injection fluid from surface to reservoir</li> <li>- To run downhole tools.</li> </ul>	C
WI-SF-EQP-01.01.02	NEW	Preparing for a well completion.	Recognise why the well must be cleaned before running a completion: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- To prevent damage to components</li> <li>- To prevent well blockages.</li> <li>- To prevent intervention tool hold-up.</li> </ul>	A

New syllabus category	Old syllabus category	Learning objective. During this course the student will gain an understanding of:	Learning outcome. By the end of this course the student will be able to:	Importance
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Xmas Tree				
WI-SF-EQP-01.02.01	WEQG01.01A	The function of the Xmas Tree in pressure control.	<p>Describe the primary function and operation of the Xmas Tree for pressure control.</p> <p>From a given diagram or description, identify the Xmas Tree barrier elements and shearing devices:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Master, swab and wing valves</li> <li>- Wireline cutting ability.</li> </ul>	A

Wellhead and Tubing Hanger				
WI-SF-EQP-01.03.01	WEQG01.01B/ WEQG01.05	The function of the wellhead and tubing hanger in pressure control.	<p>Describe the primary function of the wellhead and tubing hanger in pressure control:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- What they are</li> <li>- What they do.</li> </ul> <p>From a given diagram or description, identify the wellhead and tubing hanger barrier elements:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Wellhead body and seals</li> <li>- Annulus ports/valves</li> <li>- Casing seal assemblies</li> <li>- Tubing hanger seals.</li> </ul>	B



New syllabus category	Old syllabus category	Learning objective. During this course the student will gain an understanding of:	Learning outcome. By the end of this course the student will be able to:	Importance
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Tubing, Including. Flow Couplings and Tubing Movement.				
WI-SF-EQP-01.04.01	WEQG01.05	Tubing selection, movement (compression and tension) and the use of flow couplings.	<p>Describe the factors considered when selecting tubing:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Well products</li> <li>- Expected production (or injection) rate</li> <li>- Well geometry (depth, casing diameter)</li> <li>- Pressures and temperatures</li> <li>- Use of intervention methods.</li> </ul> <p>Describe how tubulars expand and contract during:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Production</li> <li>- Injection</li> <li>- Testing/stimulation.</li> </ul> <p>Describe the use of flow couplings in a completion:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- To protect critical downhole components.</li> </ul>	C

Subsurface Safety Valve and Annular Safety Valve				
WI-SF-EQP-01.05.01	WEQG01.03	The function of Sub Surface Safety Valves (SSSVs) and Annular Safety Valves (ASVs).	<p>Describe the primary function of:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Surface Controlled Sub-Surface Safety Valves (SCSSSV) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Tubing Retrievable SSSVs</li> <li>- Wireline Retrievable SSSVs</li> </ul> </li> <li>- Sub-Surface Controlled Sub-Surface Safety Valves (SCSSSV)</li> <li>- Annular Safety Valves (ASVs).</li> </ul> <p>From a given diagram, recognise the different types of SSSVs.</p>	B

New syllabus category	Old syllabus category	Learning objective. During this course the student will gain an understanding of:	Learning outcome. By the end of this course the student will be able to:	Importance
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Side Pocket Mandrels				
WI-SF-EQP-01.06.01	WEQG01.07	The function of side pocket mandrels.	Describe the primary function of side pocket mandrels: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Gas lift</li> <li>- Circulation</li> <li>- Equalisation</li> <li>- Chemical Injection.</li> </ul>	B

Sliding Sleeves, Circulation and Flow Control Devices				
WI-SF-EQP-01.07.01	WEQG01.08/ WEQG01.09	The function of other circulating, communication and flow control devices.	Describe the other different type of circulating, communication and flow control devices and why they are used: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Sliding sleeves</li> <li>- Tubing punches.</li> </ul>	B

New syllabus category	Old syllabus category	Learning objective. During this course the student will gain an understanding of:	Learning outcome. By the end of this course the student will be able to:	Importance
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Packers and Associated Equipment (Polished Bore Receptacle (PBR) and Extra Long Tubing Seal Receptacle (ELTSR))				
WI-SF-EQP-01.08.01	WEQG01.10	The function and types of downhole packers.	<p>Describe what downhole packers are, and why they are used.</p> <p>Recognise the differences between the two primary types of packers:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Retrievable</li> <li>- Permanent.</li> </ul>	B

=Landing Nipples, Plugs and Wireline Entry Guides (WEGs)				
WI-SF-EQP-01.09.01	WEQG01.04	The function of landing nipples, plugs and wireline entry guides (WEG).	<p>Describe the primary function of completion:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Landing nipples</li> <li>- Bridge plugs.</li> </ul> <p>Explain when they are used.</p> <p>Explain why a WEG is used and its position in the well completion.</p>	B

New syllabus category	Old syllabus category	Learning objective. During this course the student will gain an understanding of:	Learning outcome. By the end of this course the student will be able to:	Importance
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**OPTIONAL TOPICS**

**WIRELIN (WL)**

**Application WL**

WI-SF-WLO-01.01.01	NEW	When wireline is used and the different types available.	<p>Explain when wireline is used and the different types of wireline available:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Slickline</li> <li>- Braided line</li> <li>- Electric line</li> <li>- Fibre optic cable</li> <li>- Digital slickline.</li> </ul>	B
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**Equipment WL**

WI-SF-WLO-01.01.02	NEW	Wireline equipment in different operating environments.	From a given surface layout diagram, identify the wireline equipment components used in well intervention.	B
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New syllabus category	Old syllabus category	Learning objective. During this course the student will gain an understanding of:	Learning outcome. By the end of this course the student will be able to:	Importance
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**PRESSURE CONTROL**

**Surface PCE Stack WL**

WI-SF-WLO-02.01.01	WWA01.01/WWA01.02	PCE required for wireline operations.	<p>From a given diagram or description, identify the function and positioning of the surface PCE components required for different wireline operations:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Slickline</li> <li>- Braided line</li> <li>- Electric line</li> <li>- Fibre optic cable</li> <li>- Digital slickline.</li> </ul>	A
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**Primary Barrier Elements WL**

WI-SF-WLO-02.02.01	WWA01.06/ WWA01.08	Primary barrier elements used during wireline operations.	<p>From a given diagram or description, identify the function and positioning of primary barrier elements used during different wireline operations:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Slickline</li> <li>- Braided line</li> <li>- Electric line</li> <li>- Fibre optic cable</li> <li>- Digital slickline.</li> </ul>	A
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New syllabus category	Old syllabus category	Learning objective. During this course the student will gain an understanding of:	Learning outcome. By the end of this course the student will be able to:	Importance
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WI-SF-WLO-02.02.04	WWA02.06	Primary barrier element integrity during wireline operations.	<p>Outline the factors that can affect the integrity the primary barrier element during wireline operations.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Hydraulic pressure</li> <li>- Roughness of the wireline</li> <li>- Fluid composition</li> <li>- Maintenance</li> <li>- Running speeds.</li> </ul>	A
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Secondary Barrier Elements – BOPs (Ram Type Preventers) WL				
WI-SF-WLO-02.03.01	WWA01.03	Secondary barrier elements (wireline BOPs) used during wireline operations.	<p>From a given diagram or description, identify the function and positioning of secondary barrier elements (wireline BOPs) used during different wireline operations:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Slickline</li> <li>- Braided line</li> <li>- Electric line</li> <li>- Fibre optic cable</li> <li>- Digital slickline.</li> </ul> <p>Explain why it is important to consider equipment access for loading various tool string configurations.</p>	A
WI-SF-WLO-02.03.02	WWA01.04/ WWA07.03	BOP ram configurations for different types of wireline.	Explain why BOP ram configurations must change when using different types of wireline.	A

New syllabus category	Old syllabus category	Learning objective. During this course the student will gain an understanding of:	Learning outcome. By the end of this course the student will be able to:	Importance
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Shearing Devices WL				
WI-SF-WLO-02.04.01	WWA02.08/ WWA07.07	Wireline shearing devices.	Explain the function and positioning of the wireline: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Shear ram</li> <li>- Shear/seal ram/valve</li> <li>- Wire cutting valve.</li> </ul>	B

PRESSURE CONTROL (BARRIER ELEMENTS AND ENVELOPES) PRINCIPLES WL				
WI-SF-WLO-03.01.01	WWF01.03/WWA02.05	Grouping barrier elements into barrier envelopes during wireline operations.	From a given wireline situation or surface rig-up diagram, identify primary barrier elements and group them into envelopes.	A

New syllabus category	Old syllabus category	Learning objective. During this course the student will gain an understanding of:	Learning outcome. By the end of this course the student will be able to:	Importance
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Other operations - PCE Stack WL				
WI-SF-WLO-03.02.01	WWA01.01	The PCE rig-up during wireline fishing operations.	Explain why PCE rig-up must change for wireline fishing operations.	B

Safely repair or replace a failed primary barrier element WL				
WI-SF-WLO-03.03.01	WWA01.07	Secondary barrier elements and envelopes for slickline operations if a primary barrier element fails.	Describe the use of equipment as secondary barrier elements/envelopes during slickline operations.  From a given diagram or description identify double barrier protection while repairing and/or replacing failed components	A
WI-SF-WLO-03.03.02	WWA01.06	Secondary barrier elements and envelopes for braided line/electric line operations if a primary barrier element fails.	Describe the use of equipment as secondary barrier elements/envelopes during braided line and electric line operations.  From a given diagram or description, identify double barrier protection while repairing and/or replacing failed components	A



New syllabus category	Old syllabus category	Learning objective. During this course the student will gain an understanding of:	Learning outcome. By the end of this course the student will be able to:	Importance
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PCE Testing WL				
WI-SF-WLO-03.05.02	WWL01.01	Testing the BOP with test rods.	<p>Explain why test rods are used to test the wireline BOP instead of cables.</p> <p>Explain why it is important to test correctly.</p>	A

WELL INTERVENTION OPERATIONS WL				
Operational Considerations (with well control consequences) WL				
WI-SF-WLO-04.01.01	WWWK01.01	The reason for wireline drift runs.	Explain what a wireline drift run is, and why it is done before other well intervention operations.	C

New syllabus category	Old syllabus category	Learning objective. During this course the student will gain an understanding of:	Learning outcome. By the end of this course the student will be able to:	Importance
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WI-SF-WLO-04.01.02	WWK01.02	Surface Controlled Sub Surface Safety Valve (SCSSSV) integrity during a wireline operation.	Explain why the integrity of the SCSSSV is important during a wireline operation.	B
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Controlled Well Shut in WL				
WI-SF-WLO-04.02.01	WWA01.03	Tool string positioning across the wireline BOP.	Describe the correct positioning of wireline BOPs in the pressure control rig-up including: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Equipment access for loading various tool string configurations.</li> </ul>	A
WI-SF-WLO-04.02.03	NEW	How to shut in the well quickly and safely with or without wireline in the hole.	Outline why it is important to safely shut in the well during a wireline operation: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- With wireline in the hole</li> <li>- Without wireline in the hole.</li> </ul>	A

New syllabus category	Old syllabus category	Learning objective. During this course the student will gain an understanding of:	Learning outcome. By the end of this course the student will be able to:	Importance
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**COILED TUBING (CT)**

**Application CT**

WI-SF-CTO-01.01.01	NEW	When coiled tubing is used.	Explain when coiled tubing is used, and the different sizes available.	B
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**Equipment CT**

WI-SF-CTO-01.02.01	NEW	The coiled tubing equipment in different operating environments.	From a given surface layout diagram, identify the coiled tubing components used in well intervention.	B
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New syllabus category	Old syllabus category	Learning objective. During this course the student will gain an understanding of:	Learning outcome. By the end of this course the student will be able to:	Importance
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**PRESSURE CONTROL**

**Surface PCE Stack CT**

WI-SF-CTO-02.01.01	NEW	PCE required for coiled tubing operations.	From a given diagram or description, identify the function and positioning of the surface PCE components required for coiled tubing operations.	A
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**Primary Barrier Elements CT**

WI-SF-CTO-02.02.01	WCA01.04	Primary barrier elements (strippers) used during coiled tubing operations.	From a given diagram or description, identify the function and positioning of primary barrier elements (strippers) used during coiled tubing operations: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Side door</li> <li>- Radial.</li> </ul>	A
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New syllabus category	Old syllabus category	Learning objective. During this course the student will gain an understanding of:	Learning outcome. By the end of this course the student will be able to:	Importance
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WI-SF-CTO-02.02.03	WCA01.05	Primary barrier element integrity during coiled tubing operations.	<p>Outline the factors that can affect the integrity of the primary barrier elements during coiled tubing operations.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Hydraulic pressure</li> <li>- Roughness of the coiled tubing</li> <li>- Fluid composition</li> <li>- Maintenance</li> <li>- Running speeds.</li> </ul>	A
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Secondary Barrier Elements – BOPs (Ram Type Preventers) CT				
WI-SF-CTO-02.03.01	WCA04.01	Secondary barrier elements (coiled tubing BOPs) used during coiled tubing operations.	<p>From a given diagram or description, identify the function and the positioning of secondary barrier elements (coiled tubing BOPs) used during different coiled tubing operations:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Combi</li> <li>- Triple</li> <li>- Quad.</li> </ul> <p>Explain why it is important to consider equipment access for loading various tool string configurations.</p>	A
WI-SF-CTO-02.03.02	NEW	BOP ram configurations for different coiled tubing operations.	Explain why BOP ram configurations must change for different types of coiled tubing operations.	A

New syllabus category	Old syllabus category	Learning objective. During this course the student will gain an understanding of:	Learning outcome. By the end of this course the student will be able to:	Importance
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Shearing Devices CT				
WI-SF-CTO-02.04.01	WCA02.02	Coiled tubing shearing devices.	Explain the function and positioning of coiled tubing <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Shear ram</li> <li>- Shear/seal ram/valve.</li> </ul>	B

Other Well Control Devices CT				
WI-SF-CTO-02.05.01	WCA01.02/ WCD01.05	Downhole check valves (back pressure valves) in a Bottom Hole Assembly (BHA) during coiled tubing operations.	From a given diagram or description identify the function and positioning of downhole check valves (back pressure valves) used in a coiled tubing BHA.	A

New syllabus category	Old syllabus category	Learning objective. During this course the student will gain an understanding of:	Learning outcome. By the end of this course the student will be able to:	Importance
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**PRESSURE CONTROL (BARRIER ELEMENTS AND ENVELOPES) PRINCIPLES CT**

WI-SF-CTO-03.01.01	NEW	Grouping barrier elements into barrier envelopes during coiled tubing operations.	From a given coiled tubing situation or surface rig-up diagram, identify primary barrier elements and group them into envelopes.	A
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**Safely repair or replace a failed primary barrier element CT**

WI-SF-CTO-03.03.01	WCD01.07	Maintaining a double barrier when changing a coiled tubing stripper rubber during intervention operations.	Explain why two barriers must be maintained when changing coiled tubing stripper rubber during intervention, in line with industry good practice.	A
WI-SF-CTO-03.03.02	NEW/ WCD01.07	Secondary barrier elements and envelopes for coiled tubing operations if a primary barrier element fails.	Describe the use of equipment as secondary barrier elements/envelopes during coiled tubing operations.  From a given diagram or description identify double barrier protection while repairing and/or replacing failed components.	A

New syllabus category	Old syllabus category	Learning objective. During this course the student will gain an understanding of:	Learning outcome. By the end of this course the student will be able to:	Importance
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## WELL INTERVENTION OPERATIONS CT

### Operational Considerations (with well control consequences) CT

WI-SF-CTO-04.01.02	WCH01.02	The forces on coiled tubing created by well pressure.	<p>Explain the forces on the coiled tubing caused by well pressure:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Buckling</li> <li>- Collapse.</li> </ul>	B
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### Controlled Well Shut in CT

WI-SF-CTO-04.02.01	WCA04.05	Coiled tubing shear ram equipment operating limits.	Explain when the coiled tubing shear ram equipment will shear and when it will not.	A
WI-SF-CTO-04.02.02	WCH01.01	How to shut in the well quickly and safely with or without coiled tubing in the hole.	<p>Outline why it is important to safely shut in the well during a coiled tubing operation:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- With coiled tubing in the hole</li> <li>- Without coiled tubing in the hole.</li> </ul>	A



New syllabus category	Old syllabus category	Learning objective. During this course the student will gain an understanding of:	Learning outcome. By the end of this course the student will be able to:	Importance
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**SNUBBING (SN)**

**Application SN**

WI-SF-SNO-01.01.01	NEW	When snubbing is used.	Explain when snubbing is used.	B
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**Equipment SN**

WI-SF-SNO-01.02.01	WSA02.04	The snubbing equipment in different operating environments.	From a given surface layout diagram, identify the snubbing components used in well intervention (including escape systems).	B
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New syllabus category	Old syllabus category	Learning objective. During this course the student will gain an understanding of:	Learning outcome. By the end of this course the student will be able to:	Importance
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**PRESSURE CONTROL**

**Surface PCE Stack SN**

WI-SF-SNO-02.01.01	NEW	PCE required for snubbing operations.	From a given diagram or description identify the function and positioning of the surface PCE components required for snubbing operations.	A
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**Primary Barrier Elements SN**

WI-SF-SNO-02.02.01	NEW	Primary barrier elements used during snubbing operations.	From a given diagram or description, identify the function and positioning of primary barrier elements used during snubbing operations: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Stripper bowl or annular preventer</li> <li>- Stripper BOP.</li> </ul>	A
WI-SF-SNO-02.02.03	WSA06.01	Primary barrier element integrity during snubbing operations.	Outline the factors that can affect the integrity of the primary barrier elements during snubbing operations. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Hydraulic pressure</li> <li>- Roughness of the workstring</li> <li>- Fluid composition</li> <li>- Maintenance</li> <li>- Running speeds.</li> </ul>	A

New syllabus category	Old syllabus category	Learning objective. During this course the student will gain an understanding of:	Learning outcome. By the end of this course the student will be able to:	Importance
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Secondary Barrier Elements – BOPs (Ram Type Preventers) SN				
WI-SF-SNO-02.03.01	WSA04.02	Secondary barrier elements (snubbing BOPs) used during snubbing operations.	<p>From a given diagram or description, identify the function and positioning of secondary barrier elements (snubbing BOPs) used during snubbing operations.</p> <p>Explain why it is important to consider equipment access for loading various tool string configurations.</p>	A
WI-SF-SNO-02.03.02	NEW	BOP ram configurations for different snubbing operations.	Explain why BOP ram configurations must change for different types of snubbing operations.	A

Shearing Devices SN				
WI-SF-SNO-02.04.01	WSA02.03	Snubbing shearing devices.	<p>Explain the function and positioning of snubbing:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Shear ram</li> <li>- Shear/seal ram/valve.</li> </ul>	B

New syllabus category	Old syllabus category	Learning objective. During this course the student will gain an understanding of:	Learning outcome. By the end of this course the student will be able to:	Importance
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**PRESSURE CONTROL (BARRIER ELEMENTS AND ENVELOPES) PRINCIPLES SN**

WI-SF-SNO-03.01.01	NEW	Grouping barrier elements into barrier envelopes during snubbing operations.	From a given snubbing situation or surface rig-up diagram, identify primary barrier elements and group them into envelopes.	A
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**Safely repair or replace failed primary barrier element SN**

WI-SF-SNO-03.03.01	WSA02.02	The reasons for changing worn elastomers and temporary suspension of work.	Explain why maintaining elastomer integrity is important.	A
WI-SF-SNO-03.03.02	NEW	Secondary barrier elements and envelopes for snubbing if a primary barrier element fails.	Describe the use of equipment as secondary barrier elements/envelopes during snubbing operations.  From a given diagram or description identify double barrier protection while repairing and/or replacing failed components.	A

New syllabus category	Old syllabus category	Learning objective. During this course the student will gain an understanding of:	Learning outcome. By the end of this course the student will be able to:	Importance
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WI-SF-SNO-03.03.03	WSA05.04	Maintaining a double barrier when changing the annular element during intervention.	Explain why two barriers must be maintained when changing annular element during intervention in line with industry good practice.	A
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<b>WELL INTERVENTION OPERATIONS SN</b>				
<b>Operational Considerations (with well control consequences) SN</b>				
WI-SF-SNO-04.01.01	WSI01.01	The forces on the workstring created by well pressure.	Explain the forces on the workstring created by well pressure: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Pipe light and pipe heavy</li> <li>- Buckling.</li> </ul>	B
WI-SF-SNO-04.01.02	NEW	Snubbing pipe in and out of a live well (with square collars/ram to ram).	From a given diagram or description, explain how the components of the jacking system work to snub the pipe with square collars in and out of a live well.	B

New syllabus category	Old syllabus category	Learning objective. During this course the student will gain an understanding of:	Learning outcome. By the end of this course the student will be able to:	Importance
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Controlled Well Shut in SN				
WI-SF-SNO-04.02.01	WSH01.01	How to shut in the well quickly and safely with or without workstring in the hole.	Outline why it is important to safely shut in the well during a snubbing operation: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- With workstring in the hole</li> <li>- Without workstring in the hole.</li> </ul>	A
WI-SF-SNO-04.02.02	WSA04.06	Snubbing shear ram equipment operating limits.	Explain how running different types of tool string through the shearing device can affect its shearing capability.	A